

# Constraining dark energy and inflation parameters with the WFIRST GRS

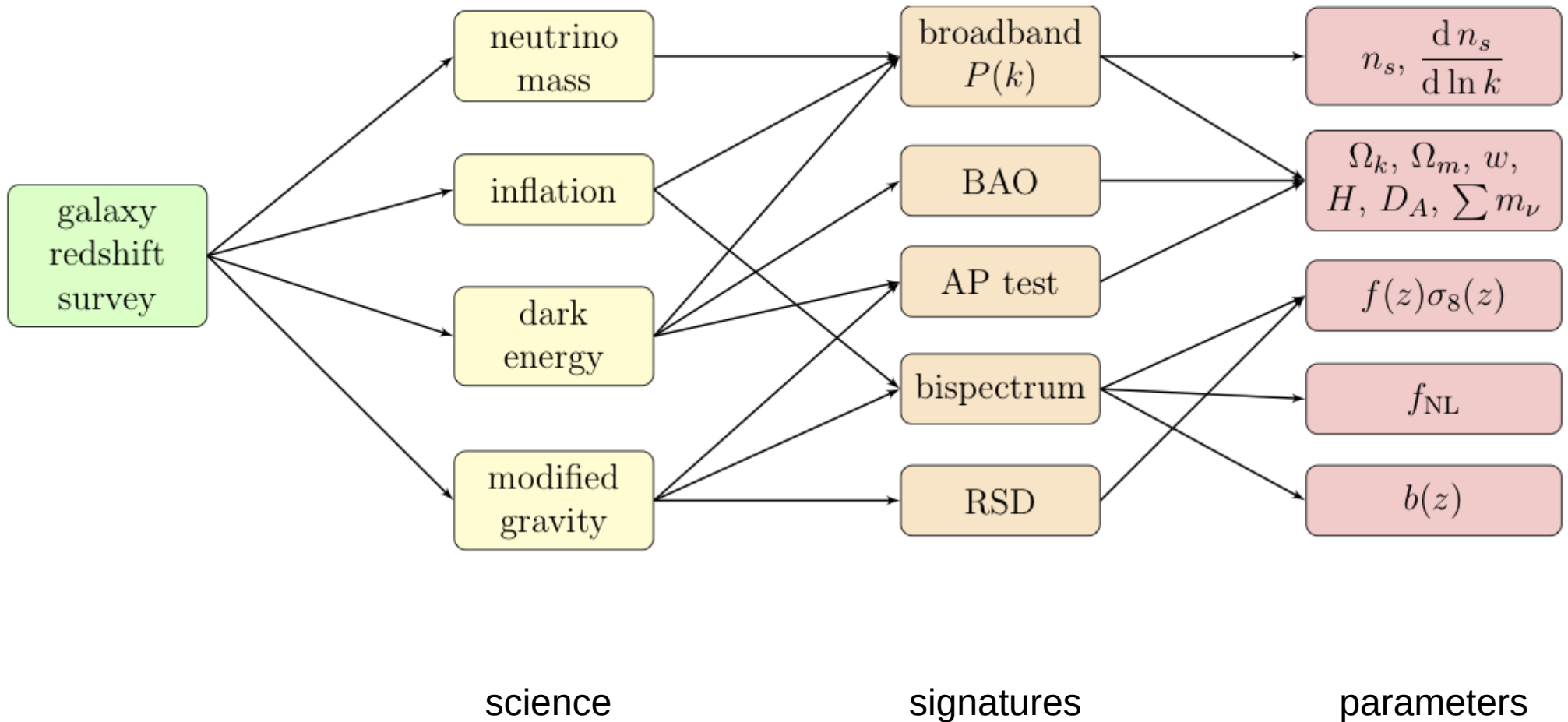
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On behalf of Chuck Bennett (JHU), Janet Weiland (JHU) & Eiichiro Komatsu (MPA)

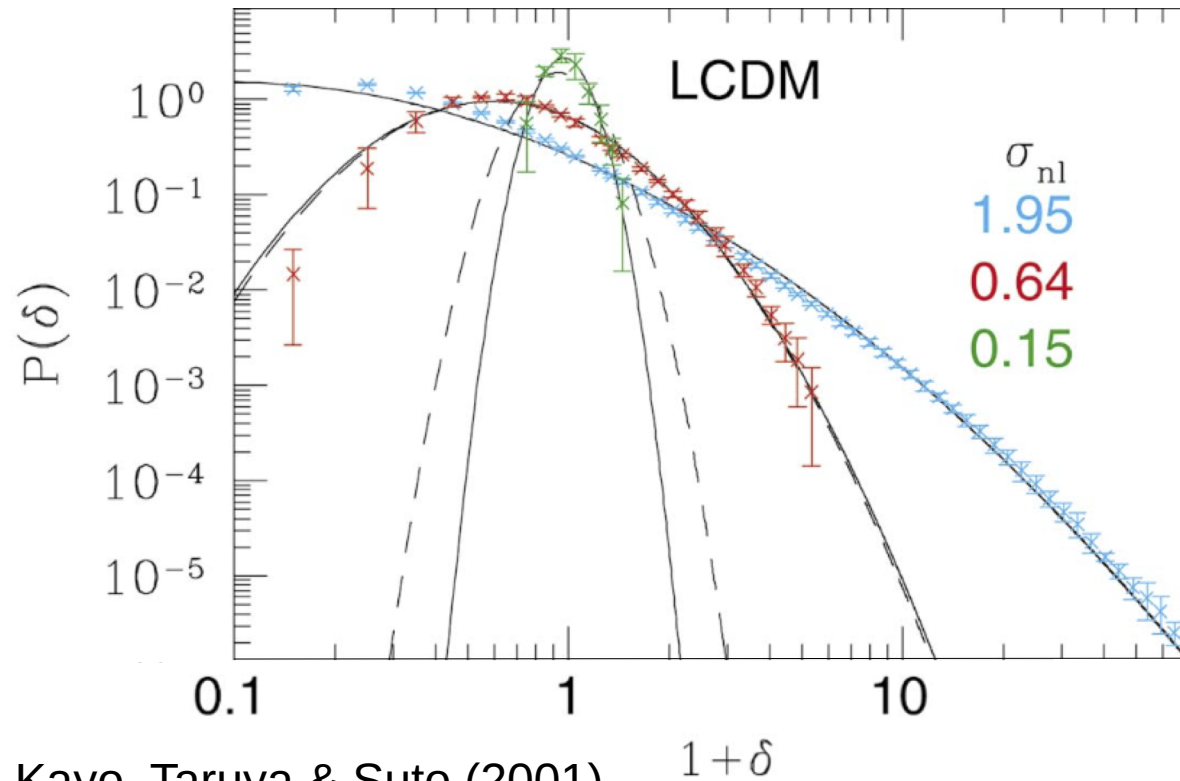
# Proposal

- 1) What constraints does WFIRST/AFTA place on inflationary and dark energy cosmological parameters for a given instrument design and observing strategy?
- 2) How do these constraints change with variations in mission parameters (sky area, observing durations, sensitivity, purity, astrophysical assumptions, systematic errors, etc.)?
- 3) How should requirements or capabilities be included in the design to ensure the dark energy and inflation parameter estimates can be met?

# Cosmology from galaxy redshift surveys



# Lognormal realizations

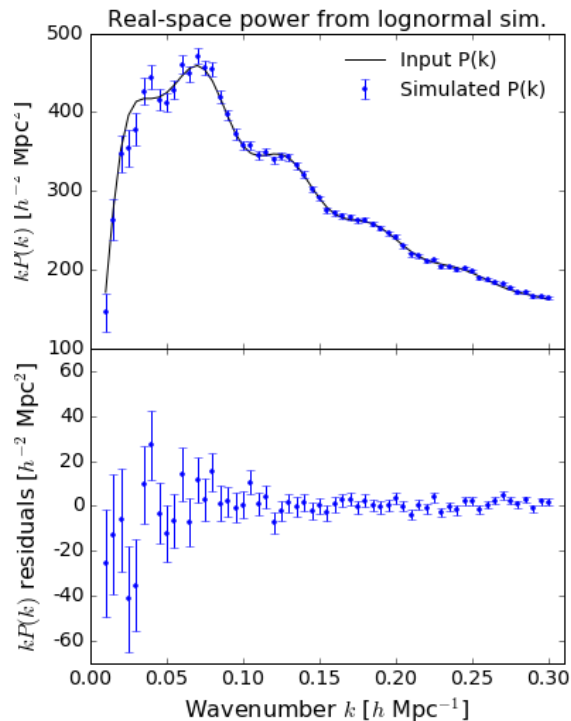


Kayo, Taruya & Suto (2001)

- Density fluctuation field
$$\delta = \frac{\rho}{\bar{\rho}} - 1$$
- Log-normal assumes that  $\ln(1 + \delta)$  is Gaussian, instead of  $\delta$  itself
- Useful approximation for computational speed and fast exploration of parameter space

- **Input cosmology model** (inc. LFs, bias properties)
- Survey **geometry** and source density (zodi/stellar density)
- Catalog **completeness** and **purity**
- Different **non-linear** effects

# Recovering input parameters



Multipole power spectra from catalogs of position, velocity

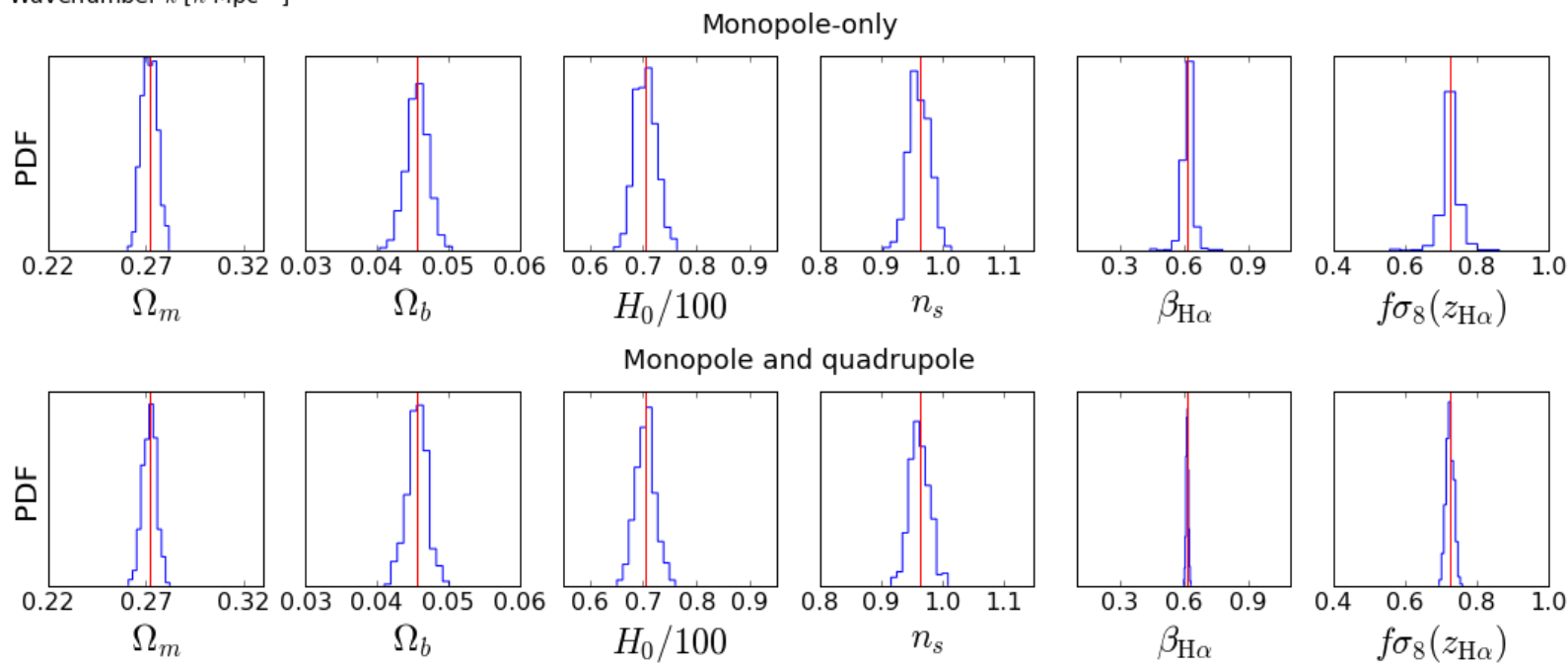
$$P_\ell(k) \equiv \frac{1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 d\mu P(\mathbf{k}, \mu) \mathcal{P}_\ell(\mu)$$

$$P_0(k) = \left(1 + \frac{2}{3}\beta + \frac{1}{5}\beta^2\right) P(k)$$

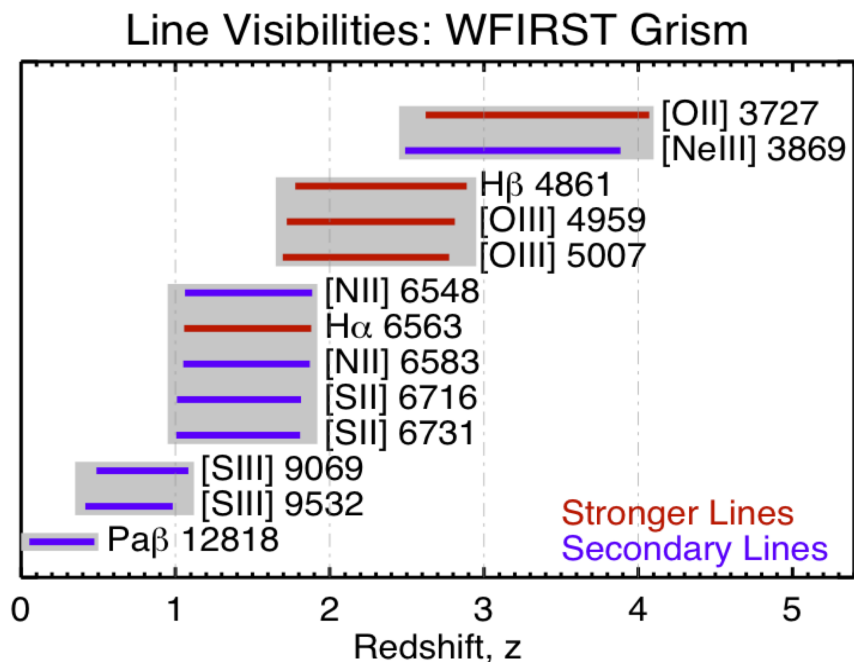
$$P_2(k) = \left(\frac{4}{3}\beta + \frac{4}{7}\beta^2\right) P(k)$$

RSD parameter

$$\beta \equiv \frac{f}{b}$$



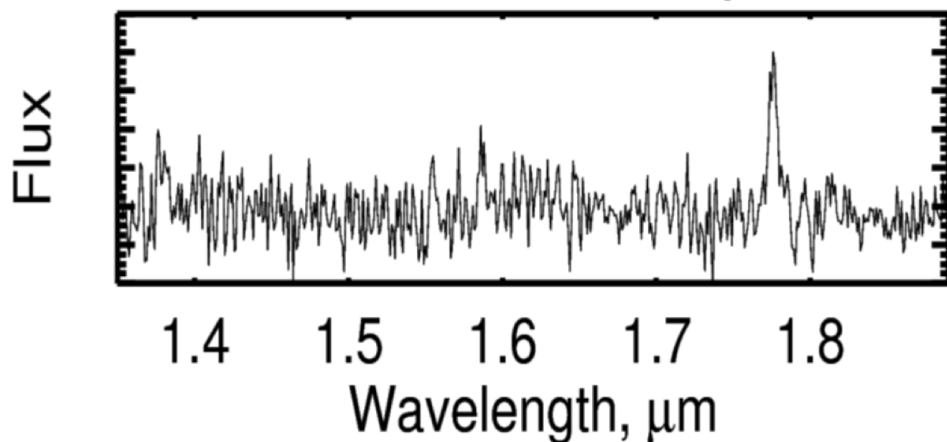
# Interlopers and line mis-identification



- Limited grism spectral range (1.35 – 1.89  $\mu\text{m}$ )  
→ line mis-IDs occur (incorrect  $z$ ) causing overlay of structure on the wrong scales.

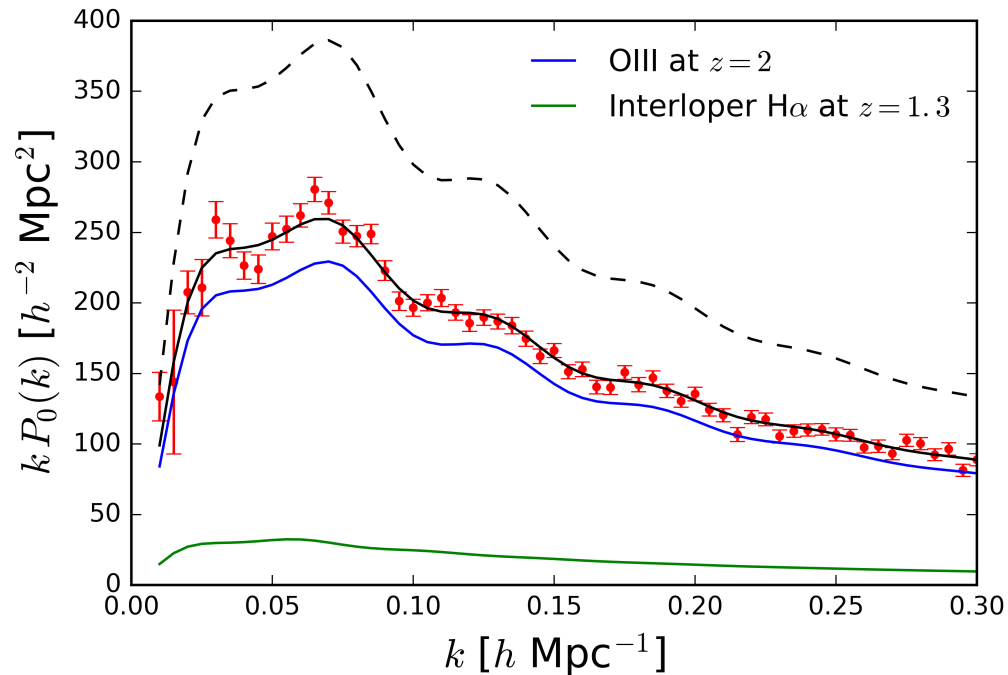
- ◆ Mitigation strategies include secondary line recognition, EW, color cuts and use of non-spectral  $z$ -determinations (photo- $z$ 's, statistical clustering methods).

## Simulated WFIRST Spectrum



Pullen *et al.* (2015) – need interloper fractions **<0.2%** to avoid bias in cosmological parameters

# OIII and H $\alpha$

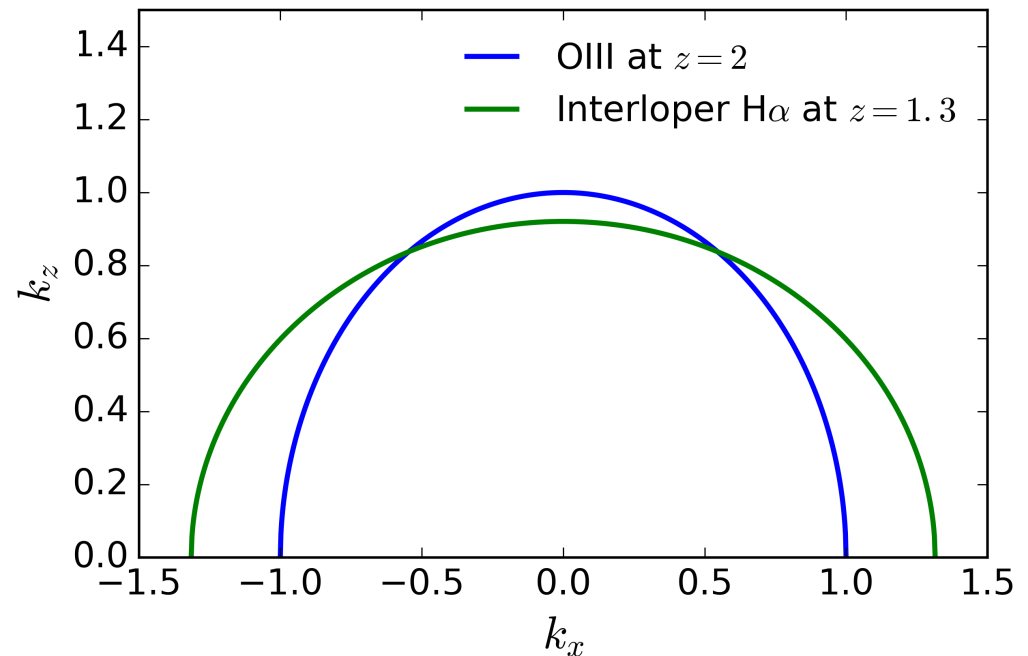


- Interlopers also trace LSS
- We are already trying to do cosmology with both H $\alpha$  and OIII...
- (we already have to worry about bias etc. for these ELGs)
- Can **model** interloper contribution to power spectrum

$$P(k) = (1 - f)^2 P_{\text{target}}(k) + f^2 a^2 b P_{\text{int}}(k')$$

~400k of 16M H $\alpha$  ELGs mistaken for OIII  
and end up in catalog with 1.4M OIII ELGs;  
 $f \sim 0.2$

Also investigating **anisotropic mapping** of  
interlopers (c.f. RSD quadrupole effect)



# Future plans

- Quantifying interloper modeling (eliminate bias in params? degrade constraints by how much?)
- Binning in redshift
- Chip modeling we have already worked on – bring in instrument uncertainties and systematics
- Modifying footprint propagating effects of zodi, stellar density into catalog (source density etc.)
- Bispectrum